



## PASSAGE 1

## PART 1: KEY WORDS OF THE ARTICLE

Before reading the article, take care to learn by reviewing the important words that you may encounter in the exam.

HEDEF KELİME (TÜR)	TÜRKÇE ÇEVİRİ	EŞ VE YAKIN ANLAMLARI
Dedicate (V)	Adamak, tahsis etmek	Devote, commit, allocate
Count Upon (V)	Güvenmek, bel bağlamak	Rely on, trust, depend on
Jeopardize (V)	Tehlikeye atmak, riske sokmak	Endanger, threaten, imperil
Depend On (V)	Bağlı olmak, güvenmek	Rely on, trust, hinge on
Host (V)	Ev sahipliği yapmak, ağırlamak	Accommodate, hold, arrange
Consist (V)	Oluşmak, meydana gelmek	Comprise, be made up of, include
Remain (V)	Kalmak, sürdürmek	Stay, persist, continue
Indispensable (Adj)	Vazgeçilmez, zorunlu	Essential, crucial, necessary
Ensure (V)	Sağlamak, garanti etmek	Guarantee, secure, confirm
Prevail (V)	Hâkim olmak, yaygın olmak	Dominate, triumph, overcome
Pivot (V)	Döndürmek, çevirmek	Rotate, turn, swivel
Prevent (V)	Önlemek, engellemek	Hinder, stop, prohibit
Concern (V)	İlgilendirmek, kaygılandırmak	Affect, involve, worry
Distribute (V)	Dağıtmak, paylaşmak	Allocate, dispense, spread
Predominate (V)	Baskın olmak, hâkim olmak	Prevail, dominate, outweigh
Corporation (N)	Şirket, kurum	Company, enterprise, firm
Breakthrough (N)	Atılım, buluş	Discovery, innovation, advance
Long (V)	Özlemek, arzulamak	Yearn, desire, crave
Integrate (V)	Bütünleştirmek, entegre etmek	Incorporate, combine, unify
Feasible (Adj)	Uygulanabilir, mümkün	Possible, viable, practical



## PART 2: VOCABULARY EXERCISES

Match the words in the middle column with their English and Turkish meanings in the right and left columns.

( ) Accommodate, hold, arrange	a) Remain
( ) Affect, involve, worry	b) Prevent
( ) Allocate, dispense, spread	c) Prevail
( ) Company, enterprise, firm	d) Triumph
( ) Comprise, be made up of, include	e) Pivot
( ) Devote, commit, allocate	f) Long
( ) Discovery, innovation, advance	g) Jeopardize
( ) Dominate, overcome	h) Integrate
( ) Endanger, threaten, imperil	i) Indispensable
( ) Essential, crucial, necessary	j) Host
( ) Guarantee, secure, confirm	k) Feasible
( ) Hinder, stop, prohibit	l) Ensure
( ) Incorporate, combine, unify	m) Distribute
( ) Possible, viable, practical	n) Depend On
( ) Dominate, outweigh	o) Dedicate
( ) Rely on, trust	p) Count Upon
( ) Hinge on	q) Corporation
( ) Rotate, turn, swivel	r) Consist
( ) Stay, persist, continue	s) Concern
( ) Yearn, desire, crave	t) Breakthrough

## PART 3: CONTEXTUAL UNDERSTANDING

### PART 3 (A)

#### Host – Consist – Depend On - Jeopardize – Dedicate

In higher education, world-class universities often (1) \_\_\_\_\_ significant financial and intellectual resources to research projects that aim to address pressing global issues. These projects cannot survive in isolation; they inevitably count upon the cooperation of international partners and the goodwill of external donors. Yet, political instability or short-term economic interests may (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the continuity of such endeavors, creating uncertainty for scholars and institutions alike. Academic success also tends to (3) \_\_\_\_\_ sustainable funding models, without which long-term innovation becomes unattainable. To enhance their global reputation, many institutions strive to (4) \_\_\_\_\_ international conferences that bring together experts from diverse fields. Ultimately, the credibility of these efforts tends to (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of transparent evaluation methods, ethical research practices, and equitable access to knowledge.



PART 3 (B)

**Concern – Pivot – Remain – Ensure  
Prevent – Prevail – Indispensable**

In times of global crisis, it is crucial that ethical principles (1) \_\_\_\_\_ intact despite mounting political or economic pressures. Within the scientific community, transparency and methodological rigor are considered (2) \_\_\_\_\_ elements that cannot be compromised if public trust is to be maintained. Governments are therefore expected to implement robust mechanisms to (3) \_\_\_\_\_ that policies align with both international law and humanitarian values. Yet history has shown that authoritarian tendencies can occasionally (4) \_\_\_\_\_, undermining democratic institutions and eroding civil liberties. In such moments, societies may need to (5) \_\_\_\_\_ rapidly, redirecting resources and strategies toward safeguarding stability. Effective leadership must also work diligently to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the escalation of conflicts, as unchecked violence can pose a direct (7) \_\_\_\_\_ not only for national security but also for the moral fabric of global cooperation.

PART 3 (C)

**Integrate – Corporation – Predominate –  
Feasible – Distribute – Long – Breakthrough**

In the contemporary economy, multinational enterprises often (1) \_\_\_\_\_ resources across diverse markets, ensuring that products and services reach both developed and developing nations. Within these global networks, certain cultural and economic norms tend to (2) \_\_\_\_\_, shaping the way negotiations and collaborations are conducted. For instance, a major (3) \_\_\_\_\_ may occur when a large technology (4) \_\_\_\_\_ announces a revolutionary innovation in artificial intelligence, fundamentally altering the competitive landscape. While scholars frequently (5) \_\_\_\_\_ for equitable solutions that address systemic inequalities, policymakers struggle to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ such reforms into existing structures without generating resistance. Despite these challenges, experts agree that meaningful change is both necessary and (7) \_\_\_\_\_, provided that long-term vision and international cooperation remain in focus.

PART 3 (D)

**Breakthrough – Depend On – Indispensable  
– Host – Jeopardize – Concern – Dedicate –  
Corporation – Prevail – Integrate**

1. In order to secure long-term credibility within the scientific community, researchers must \_\_\_\_\_ extensive time, intellectual energy, and financial resources to rigorous experimentation that may not yield immediate results.
2. Emerging economies frequently \_\_\_\_\_ international aid packages, foreign direct investment, and access to global markets, without which their national development strategies would collapse under structural limitations.
3. Reckless industrial practices and insufficient regulatory oversight can severely \_\_\_\_\_ both ecological stability and public health, producing consequences that extend far beyond national borders.
4. The discovery of a cost-effective renewable energy source was heralded as a historic \_\_\_\_\_ that redefined global conversations on climate policy and sustainable development.
5. Policymakers increasingly attempt to \_\_\_\_\_ diverse cultural norms, technological innovations, and ethical considerations into coherent legal frameworks that can function across multiple jurisdictions.
6. Among the most pressing ethical \_\_\_\_\_ of modern biotechnology are questions of genetic ownership, privacy in data collection, and equitable access to medical treatments.
7. To foster critical dialogue and transnational cooperation, prestigious universities regularly \_\_\_\_\_ global conferences where diplomats, industry leaders, and academics debate solutions to complex crises.
8. Although authoritarian tendencies may surface during moments of political instability, democratic norms are expected to ultimately \_\_\_\_\_ as long as civil institutions remain resilient and citizens remain engaged.
9. In the digital age, accurate statistical evidence has become utterly \_\_\_\_\_ for shaping effective public health campaigns, national security strategies, and educational reforms.
10. Modern global markets are characterized by the influence of at least one dominant multinational \_\_\_\_\_, whose decisions often shape labor practices, trade policies, and even diplomatic relations.

**PART 4: FILL IN THE BLANKS**

Fill in the blanks.

1. In many policy discussions, the minister emphasized the urgent need to \_\_\_\_\_ equitable access to education across both urban and rural regions of the country.  
A) hinder      B) neglect      C) ensure  
D) constitute      E) overwhelm
2. The national council decided to \_\_\_\_\_ the upcoming regional conference to showcase local innovations in renewable energy and engage international stakeholders.  
A) initiate      B) replace      C) host  
D) maintain      E) adapt
3. Throughout history, scientists who chose to \_\_\_\_\_ their efforts to humanitarian causes often produced findings that transformed the quality of life for millions.  
A) ignore      B) dedicate      C) engage  
D) review      E) eliminate
4. Despite limited infrastructure and resistance from local leaders, the new health policies managed to \_\_\_\_\_ in most provinces due to strong public support.  
A) prevail      B) collapse      C) diminish  
D) evacuate      E) distract
5. Faced with significant budget cuts, the administration had to \_\_\_\_\_ its strategy in order to remain competitive in a rapidly evolving digital landscape.  
A) implement      B) enforce      C) pivot  
D) withstand      E) scatter
6. Although the region experiences frequent climate shifts, annual weather patterns typically \_\_\_\_\_ predictable temperature cycles and precipitation levels.  
A) avoid      B) oppose      C) refrain  
D) exploit      E) consist
7. Humanitarian organizations work tirelessly to \_\_\_\_\_ critical supplies such as clean water and food to regions impacted by war, natural disasters, or displacement.  
A) distribute      B) identify      C) predict  
D) evaluate      E) illustrate
8. Even in times of political uncertainty and rapid institutional change, constitutional protections are expected to \_\_\_\_\_ intact unless formally revised.  
A) abandon      B) explore      C) remain  
D) violate      E) distort
9. The investigation revealed that officials' actions could significantly \_\_\_\_\_ national security by exposing classified data to foreign intelligence agencies.  
A) jeopardize      B) regulate      C) acquire  
D) stimulate      E) prohibit
10. High-level education reforms will fail unless decision-makers \_\_\_\_\_ concrete environmental principles into the core curriculum from early schooling years.  
A) integrate      B) enhance      C) prohibit  
D) alter      E) assess
11. Following the recent oil spill, the government implemented strict regulations to \_\_\_\_\_ similar environmental disasters from occurring again in the future.  
A) ensure      B) establish      C) prevent  
D) condense      E) relocate



12. The manager argued that the issue did not directly \_\_\_\_\_ the company's operations, and thus should be handled by an external consultant.

- A) reveal      B) propose      C) concern  
D) persuade      E) violate

13. Although the proposal appears ambitious, many engineers agree that it is entirely \_\_\_\_\_ given the current technological infrastructure and financial support.

- A) deliberate      B) comparable      C) equivalent  
D) tentative      E) feasible

14. In many traditional societies, religious and cultural values still \_\_\_\_\_ over state policies, especially when it comes to family and inheritance laws.

- A) predominate      B) fluctuate      C) encounter  
D) collapse      E) confront

15. The recent scientific discovery marked a major \_\_\_\_\_ in genetic research, allowing researchers to detect inherited diseases much earlier than before.

- A) preference      B) breakthrough      C) coverage  
D) sequence      E) composition

16. In many rural areas, residents still \_\_\_\_\_ government aid and subsidies to meet their basic needs, especially during periods of economic hardship.

- A) suffer from      B) count upon      C) get rid of  
D) interfere with      E) rely against

17. To maintain a stable financial system, monetary policies must carefully balance inflation control with strategies that do not \_\_\_\_\_ economic growth.

- A) respond      B) violate      C) depend  
D) hinder      E) undertake

18. Rather than relying on a single model, the researchers aimed to \_\_\_\_\_ multiple algorithms to build a more comprehensive forecasting system.

- A) integrate      B) duplicate      C) jeopardize  
D) represent      E) encounter

19. Although officials warned of long-term risks, thousands continued to \_\_\_\_\_ for justice and accountability over the mismanagement of public resources.

- A) prohibit      B) fight      C) relocate  
D) negotiate      E) resign

20. As a powerful multinational \_\_\_\_\_, the company influences labor laws, environmental policies, and political debates in nearly every country it operates in.

- A) corporation      B) contributor      C) guideline  
D) deviation      E) stimulation


**PART 5: PREPOSITION PART**
**A)**
**despite – under – into – at – because of**

1. The commission's credibility was severely questioned when, \_\_\_ the height of the crisis, it failed to deliver any coherent policy response despite years of preparation.
2. The investigation expanded \_\_\_ multiple domains of financial malpractice, including insider trading, tax evasion, and fraudulent accounting.
3. The project collapsed entirely \_\_\_ chronic underfunding and the government's inability to attract foreign investors, which had been the backbone of earlier initiatives.
4. \_\_\_ intense criticism from both domestic and international observers, the administration proceeded with enacting restrictive legislation that curtailed civil liberties.
5. The treaty was interpreted as invalid \_\_\_ the constitutional constraints that prohibited any delegation of national sovereignty to supranational institutions.

**B)**

1. Although the newly adopted economic reforms were harshly criticized for widening social inequality, the government insisted on continuing them \_\_\_ massive street protests and strikes organized by labor unions across the country.

A) despite      B) along      C) beyond  
D) across      E) within

2. The constitutional amendments were passed hastily \_\_\_ conditions of martial law, when civil liberties were already suspended and public debate had been silenced.

A) across      B) since      C) throughout  
D) before      E) under

3. The sociologist's research provided valuable insight \_\_\_ the structural mechanisms that reproduce poverty across generations, challenging the dominant neoliberal narratives.

A) onto      B) over      C) into  
D) for      E) upon

4. Delegates convened unexpectedly late at night, when tensions in the region had reached their peak, to discuss emergency measures \_\_\_ the headquarters of the United Nations in Geneva.

A) within      B) on      C) across  
D) at      E) before

5. The international summit, which was supposed to focus on environmental protection, was overshadowed and eventually postponed \_\_\_ escalating military conflicts in the region, which diverted attention and resources.

A) on account      B) because of      C) in case of  
D) instead of      E) as for

**PART 6: ADJECTIVE + PREPOSITION PART**

1. Everybody in the international community has become increasingly worried \_\_\_ the dramatic rise in global unemployment, which threatens economic growth and political stability across multiple regions simultaneously.

A) at      B) about      C) on      D) against      E) for

2. A responsible politician should always remain loyal and committed \_\_\_ serving the interests of society, prioritizing justice and equality over personal ambition or temporary political convenience.

A) to      B) with      C) about      D) at      E) in



**PART 7: COLLOCATION MEMORY BANK**

Remember, forget not – collocation is power, mix it up and your grades will flower!

COLLOCATION	TÜRKÇESİ
political asylum	siyasi sığınma
make progress	ilerleme kaydetmek
claim lives	can almak
from all walks of life	her kesimden
literacy rate	okuryazarlık oranı
utterly nonsense	tamamen saçma
tackle a problem	problemi ele almak
adverse effect	olumsuz etki
violent annexation	yasadışı ilhak
preliminary results	ilk sonuçlar

**ILLUSTRATIVE SENTENCES FOR COLLOCATIONS**

1. Thousands of dissidents sought political asylum in neighboring countries after the regime intensified its crackdown on civil liberties, fearing imprisonment and torture in their homeland.

(Binlerce muhalif, rejimin sivil özgürlükler üzerindeki baskıyı artırmasının ardından, hapis ve işkence korkusuyla komşu ülkelerde siyasi sığınma talep etti.)

2. Although negotiations between the conflicting parties often reached deadlock, international mediators managed to make progress by addressing humanitarian issues before moving to political settlements.

(Çatışan taraflar arasındaki müzakereler çoğu zaman çıkmaza girse de, uluslararası arabulucular siyasi çözümlere geçmeden önce insani meseleleri ele alarak ilerleme kaydetmeyi başardılar.)

3. The devastating earthquake not only destroyed infrastructure but also tragically claimed thousands of lives, leaving entire communities in mourning.

(Yıkıcı deprem yalnızca altyapıyı yok etmekle kalmadı, aynı zamanda trajik bir şekilde binlerce can aldı ve tüm toplulukları yas içinde bıraktı.)

4. The nationwide protest drew participants from all walks of life, including students, professionals, farmers, and retirees, all united in their demand for justice.

(Ülke çapındaki protesto, adalet taleplerinde birleşen öğrenciler, profesyoneller, çiftçiler ve emekliler dâhil toplumun her kesiminden katılımcıları çekti.)

5. While the literacy rate has significantly improved over the past decades, stark regional disparities continue to pose challenges for equitable educational policies.

(Son on yıllarda okuryazarlık oranı önemli ölçüde iyileşmiş olsa da, belirgin bölgesel eşitsizlikler adil eğitim politikaları için hâlâ zorluk teşkil etmektedir.)

6. The argument that climate change is a hoax orchestrated by scientists is utterly nonsense, disregarding decades of empirical data and overwhelming consensus.

(İklim değişikliğinin bilim insanları tarafından uydurulmuş bir aldatmaca olduğu iddiası tamamen saçmadır; onlarca yıllık ampirik verileri ve ezici çoğunluktaki bilimsel uzlaşığı görmezden gelir.)

7. In order to tackle the problem of rising inequality, governments must adopt multidimensional strategies that integrate education, healthcare, and taxation reforms.

(Artan eşitsizlik sorununu ele almak için hükümetlerin eğitim, sağlık ve vergi reformlarını bütünleştiren çok boyutlu stratejiler benimsemesi gerekir.)

8. Excessive use of pesticides can have an adverse effect on biodiversity, ultimately disrupting entire ecosystems and food chains.

(Pestisitlerin aşırı kullanımı, biyolojik çeşitlilik üzerinde olumsuz bir etki yaratabilir ve nihayetinde tüm ekosistemleri ve besin zincirlerini bozabilir.)

9. The international community condemned the violent annexation of the territory, arguing that it violated both sovereignty and international law.

(Uluslararası toplum, hem egemenliği hem de uluslararası hukuku ihlal ettiği gerekçesiyle bölgenin yasadışı ilhakını kınadı.)

10. Although the preliminary results of the clinical trials appear promising, further investigation is essential before the drug can be approved for widespread use.

(Klinik deneylerin ilk sonuçları umut verici görünse de, ilacın yaygın kullanım için onaylanmasından önce daha fazla araştırma gereklidir.)

**PART 8: PHRASAL VERB PART**

1. In the context of modern workplace dynamics, where individuals are constantly exposed to psychological pressure, deadlines, and competition, employees are expected to develop strategies to \_\_\_\_\_ such challenges rather than allowing them to accumulate and lead to burnout.  
A) withdraw from    B) rely on    C) break into  
D) take off    E) cope with
2. During routine traffic surveillance in metropolitan areas, law enforcement officers frequently intervene when a driver violates safety regulations; yesterday, one reckless driver was immediately \_\_\_\_\_ for failing to obey the speed restrictions in a school zone.  
A) pulled over    B) handed down    C) put off  
D) set up    E) given in
3. In parliamentary sessions, when controversial issues such as climate change legislation arise, members of the assembly tend to engage in lengthy discussions; yesterday, the house intensely \_\_\_\_\_ the proposal concerning the ban on single-use plastics.  
A) went out    B) put away    C) took up  
D) looked after    E) handed in
4. In the sphere of medical science, particularly when urgent health threats emerge, a series of experiments must be systematically \_\_\_\_\_ in order to verify the reliability, safety, and long-term effectiveness of newly developed vaccines.  
A) kept on    B) stood by    C) brought in  
D) carried out    E) broken up
5. When institutions are suspected of corruption, accountability mechanisms become crucial; in such cases, an independent commission is generally formed which thoroughly \_\_\_\_\_ allegations of bribery and embezzlement.  
A) put forward    B) given out    C) brought down  
D) looked after    E) looks into
6. During extreme weather conditions, such as hurricanes or snowstorms, entire regions may suddenly be left in darkness when the electricity supply is abruptly \_\_\_\_\_, forcing hospitals and critical infrastructure to rely on backup generators.  
A) cut off    B) stood up    C) ran into  
D) broke in    E) looked over
7. Developing nations, especially those facing financial and structural obstacles, often need to import technology and expertise; to address such deficiencies, they generally \_\_\_\_\_ external assistance and guidance provided by international organizations.  
A) cope with    B) figure out    C) put on  
D) rely on    E) make up
8. Throughout history, social movements have rarely achieved success without sacrifice; still, demonstrators continued to challenge oppressive regimes, refusing to submit and courageously attempting to \_\_\_\_\_ authoritarian forces despite harsh repression.  
A) cope with    B) put down    C) looked over  
D) called in    E) take off
9. When constructing his philosophical framework, the thinker did not rely solely on contemporary theories; instead, he actively \_\_\_\_\_ classical traditions and ancient wisdom to strengthen the foundations of his arguments.  
A) took away    B) drew on    C) looked for  
D) brought out    E) turned in
10. In order to reduce educational inequality, humanitarian organizations often collect resources, books, and materials; these items are not meant for profit but are instead intended to be freely \_\_\_\_\_ to disadvantaged schools in remote regions.  
A) cope with    B) relied on    C) ran into  
D) handed over    E) give away



**PART 9: RESTATEMENT PART**

**Orijinal cümle :** The prolonged economic downturn in emerging markets has significantly undermined investor confidence, thereby discouraging multinational corporations from allocating substantial resources to long-term infrastructural projects.

**Restatement 1 :** A protracted economic slump in developing nations has severely shaken the trust of investors, leading multinational companies to hesitate in committing significant capital to enduring infrastructure ventures.

**Yöntem:**

- “Prolonged economic downturn” yerine “a protracted economic slump”
- “Emerging markets” yerine “developing nations”
- “Significantly undermined investor confidence” yerine “severely shaken the trust of investors”
- “Thereby discouraging” yerine “leading multinational companies to hesitate in committing”
- “Allocating substantial resources” yerine “committing significant capital”
- “Long-term infrastructural projects” yerine “enduring infrastructure ventures” .

**Restatement 2 :** Multinational corporations are showing reluctance to invest heavily in long-term infrastructure development due to the considerable erosion of investor assurance caused by the extended economic recession in emerging economies.

**Yöntem:**

- Cümle yapısı başa alınarak “Multinational corporations” ile başlandı ve edilgen yapı yerine etken bir ifade kullanıldı.

- “Hesitate in committing” yerine “showing reluctance to invest heavily” ifadesiyle farklı bir fiil ve zarf kullanıldı.
- “Long-term infrastructural projects” yerine “long-term infrastructure development” kullanıldı.
- “Due to” ile neden-sonuç ilişkisi daha net vurgulandı.
- “The prolonged economic downturn” yerine “the extended economic recession” kullanıldı.
- “Significantly undermined investor confidence” ifadesi “the considerable erosion of investor assurance” şeklinde isimleştirilerek ve farklı kelimelerle ifade edilerek anlatıldı.

**Orijinal cümle :** Rapid deforestation in tropical regions not only destroys biodiversity but also accelerates climate change, as vast quantities of carbon dioxide previously absorbed by trees are released back into the atmosphere.

**Restatement 1:** The swift clearance of forests in tropical zones has a dual negative impact: it eradicates biodiversity and hastens global warming, by virtue of the substantial release of stored carbon dioxide into the air when trees vanish.

**Yöntem:**

- “Rapid deforestation” yerine “The swift clearance of forests” kullanıldı.
- “Tropical regions” yerine “tropical zones” tercih edildi.
- “Not only destroys biodiversity but also accelerates climate change” yapısı, “has a dual negative impact: it eradicates biodiversity and hastens global warming” şeklinde yeniden düzenlendi. (“Destroys” yerine “eradicates”, “accelerates” yerine “hastens”, “climate change” yerine “global warming” kullanıldı.)
- “As vast quantities of carbon dioxide previously absorbed by trees are released back into the atmosphere” kısmı, “by virtue of the substantial release of stored carbon dioxide into the air when trees vanish” şeklinde ifade edildi.



- “As” yerine “by virtue of” daha resmi ve neden-sonuç ilişkisini güçlendiren bir bağlaç.
- “Vast quantities” yerine “substantial release” (bu bağlamda “release” isim olarak kullanıldı).
- “Previously absorbed by trees” yerine “stored carbon dioxide” daha öznlü bir ifade.
- “Released back into the atmosphere” yerine “into the air when trees vanish” kullanıldı

**Restatement 2 : Climate change is exacerbated by the rapid loss of tropical forests, which not only decimates biological diversity but also allows immense amounts of carbon dioxide, once captured by trees, to escape into the atmosphere.**

#### Yöntem:

- Cümlelerin ana vurgusu değiştirilerek “**Climate change is exacerbated**” (İklim değişikliği şiddetleniyor) ile başlandı, böylece bu sonuç daha ön plana çıktı.
- “**Rapid deforestation**” yerine “**the rapid loss of tropical forests**” kullanıldı.
- “**Not only destroys biodiversity but also accelerates climate change**” yapısı korunarak, ana etken fiiller değiştirildi: “**which not only decimates biological diversity but also allows immense amounts of carbon dioxide... to escape into the atmosphere**”.
- “**Destroys**” yerine “**decimates**” (kırp geçirmek, yok etmek) kullanıldı.
- “**Biodiversity**” yerine “**biological diversity**” kullanıldı.
- “**Accelerates climate change, as...**” yerine “**allows immense amounts of carbon dioxide... to escape into the atmosphere**” ifadesiyle, ağaçların rolü ve karbondioksitin salınımı daha aktif bir şekilde anlatıldı.
- “**Vast quantities of carbon dioxide previously absorbed by trees**” yerine “**immense amounts of carbon dioxide, once captured by trees**” kullanıldı. (“Vast” yerine “immense”, “absorbed” yerine “captured” tercih edildi.)

#### PART 10: PARAGRAPH

The dedication of medical professionals is consistently relied upon, as their expertise and commitment remain indispensable in ensuring patient well-being. The efficiency of a healthcare system is not merely contingent on the proficiency of physicians and nurses but also on cutting-edge medical technology and the coordinated efforts of various departments within hospitals. Nevertheless, the increasing prevalence of chronic illnesses and the emergence of antibiotic resistance threaten conventional treatment modalities, compelling the healthcare sector to explore innovative alternatives. In this regard, public health policies assume a pivotal role, acting as the principal host for preventive initiatives such as immunization campaigns and epidemiological monitoring. Although rapid advancements in biomedical research have paved the way for personalized therapies, ethical dilemmas concerning genetic data security and regulatory oversight persist. Furthermore, stark inequalities in healthcare accessibility underscore the pressing need for structural reforms aimed at ensuring equitable medical services. Given that the development and distribution of pharmaceuticals are predominantly dictated by major corporations, securing access to essential medications has become a critical challenge, particularly in underprivileged regions. While medical breakthroughs have substantially prolonged human longevity, the psychological toll of chronic diseases is frequently underestimated, highlighting the necessity for a more integrative approach that encompasses both physical and mental health. Ultimately, the long-term viability of healthcare systems hinges on a collective commitment to reconciling technological innovation with ethical integrity and economic feasibility.

#### 1. According to the passage, why is the sustainability of healthcare systems considered a complex issue requiring a multifaceted approach?

- A) Because the increasing reliance on medical technology has diminished the importance of human expertise in the healthcare sector, leading to ethical concerns.
- B) Since public health policies often fail to address the root causes of chronic diseases, healthcare systems must rely entirely on pharmaceutical corporations.
- C) Due to the interplay between technological advancements, ethical dilemmas, and economic constraints, a balanced strategy is necessary to maintain long-term healthcare efficiency.
- D) As the prevalence of chronic illnesses has been declining, healthcare institutions must shift their focus towards mental health rather than physical treatment.
- E) Given that medical breakthroughs primarily benefit high-income nations, the sustainability of healthcare is more dependent on international cooperation than on domestic policies.



**2. Which of the following best explains why personalized therapies, despite their potential, remain a contentious topic in medical discourse?**

- A) The absence of standardized treatment protocols makes it difficult for healthcare professionals to assess the effectiveness of such therapies.
- B) While biomedical research has facilitated the development of customized treatments, unresolved issues regarding genetic data security and ethical oversight pose significant challenges.
- C) The cost of implementing personalized medical interventions is significantly lower than that of conventional treatments, leading to regulatory debates over funding allocation.
- D) Ethical concerns surrounding personalized medicine primarily stem from the reluctance of medical professionals to adopt new technologies in their clinical practices.
- E) The resistance of pharmaceutical corporations to support personalized treatments is solely attributed to their prioritization of profit over public health.

**3. What can be inferred from the passage regarding the role of public health policies in addressing modern healthcare challenges?**

- A) They function as the primary framework for tackling systemic issues such as unequal access to healthcare and the financial burden of chronic diseases.
- B) Their effectiveness is largely determined by their ability to allocate resources efficiently, rather than by the extent of government intervention in the healthcare sector.
- C) Since public health policies primarily focus on preventive measures like vaccination programs, they have a limited impact on the treatment of existing conditions.
- D) The success of public health strategies is contingent upon their adaptability to technological advancements rather than their alignment with ethical considerations.
- E) While public health policies are instrumental in disease prevention, their impact on healthcare accessibility is negligible compared to that of private medical institutions.

**4. What does the passage imply about the role of pharmaceutical corporations in shaping global healthcare accessibility?**

- A) Their dominance in drug production and distribution has resulted in an imbalance where essential medications remain inaccessible to economically disadvantaged regions.
- B) The influence of pharmaceutical companies has led to the widespread affordability of life-saving treatments, reducing disparities in healthcare access worldwide.
- C) Given their prioritization of innovation, pharmaceutical corporations play a pivotal role in ensuring that all countries benefit equally from medical advancements.
- D) The competitive nature of the pharmaceutical industry has inadvertently increased global healthcare accessibility by driving down medication prices.
- E) The role of pharmaceutical corporations in shaping healthcare accessibility is largely determined by the extent to which governments regulate their operations.

**TRUE FALSE**

- 1. Biomedical advancements have completely resolved ethical concerns related to genetic data security and regulatory oversight. ( )
- 2. Chronic illnesses and antibiotic resistance are forcing the healthcare sector to seek alternative treatment approaches. ( )
- 3. The effectiveness of a healthcare system relies exclusively on the expertise of doctors and nurses, without the need for technological advancements. ( )
- 4. The psychological impact of chronic diseases is often underestimated despite medical progress extending human lifespan. ( )
- 5. Public health policies play a minor role in preventive healthcare measures like vaccination and disease surveillance. ( )

**ANSWER KEY****PART 2**

- (j) Accommodate, hold, arrange - Host  
 (s) Affect, involve, worry - Concern  
 (m) Allocate, dispense, spread - Distribute  
 (q) Company, enterprise, firm - Corporation  
 (r) Comprise, be made up of, include - Consist  
 (o) Devote, commit, allocate - Dedicate  
 (t) Discovery, innovation, advance - Breakthrough  
 (d) Dominate, overcome - Predominate  
 (g) Endanger, threaten, imperil - Jeopardize  
 (i) Essential, crucial, necessary - Indispensable  
 (l) Guarantee, secure, confirm - Ensure  
 (b) Hinder, stop, prohibit - Prevent  
 (h) Incorporate, combine, unify - Integrate  
 (k) Possible, viable, practical - Feasible  
 (c) Dominate, outweigh - Prevail  
 (n) Rely on, trust - Depend On  
 (p) Hinge on - Count Upon  
 (e) Rotate, turn, swivel - Pivot  
 (a) Stay, persist, continue - Remain  
 (f) Yearn, desire, crave - Long

**PART 3****PART 3 (A)**

- 1- Dedicate      2- Jeopardize      3- Depend on  
 4- Host      5- Consist

**PART 3 (B)**

- 1- Remain      2- Indispensable      3- Ensure  
 4- Prevail      5- Pivot      6- Prevent  
 7- Concern

**PART 3 (C)**

- 1- Distribute      2- Predominate      3- Breakthrough  
 4- Corporation      5- Long      6- Integrate  
 7- Feasible

**PART 3 (D)**

- 1- Dedicate      2- Depend On      3- Jeopardize  
 4- Breakthrough      5- Integrate      6- Concern  
 7- Host      8- Prevail      9- Indispensable  
 10- Corporation

**PART 4**

- 1.C – Ensure      2.C – Host  
 3.B – Dedicate      4.A – Prevail  
 5.C – Pivot      6.E – Consist  
 7.A – Distribute      8.C – Remain  
 9.A – Jeopardize      10.A – Integrate  
 11.C – Prevent      12.C – Concern  
 13.E – Feasible      14.A – Predominate  
 15.B – Breakthrough      16.B – Count Upon  
 17.D – Hinder      18.A – Integrate  
 19.B – Fight      20.A – Corporation

**PART 5****A)**

1. at    2. into    3. because of    4. despite    5. under

**B)**

- 1- A    2- E    3- C    4- D    5- B

**PART 6**

- 1- B    2- A

**PART 8**

1. E) cope with – başa çıkmak, üstesinden gelmek  
 2. A) pulled over – aracı kenara çekmek, durdurmak  
 3. C) takes up – ele almak, tartışmaya başlamak  
 4. D) carried out – yürütmek, gerçekleştirmek  
 5. E) looks into – incelemek, araştırmak  
 6. A) cut off – kesmek, bağlantıyı koparmak  
 7. D) rely on – bel bağlamak, güvenmek  
 8. B) put down – bastırmak, güç kullanarak durdurmak  
 9. B) drew on – yararlanmak, -den esinlenmek  
 10. D) handed over – teslim etmek, devretmek

**PART 10**

- 1- C    2- B    3- A    4- A

**TRUE - FALSE**

- 1- False    2- True    3- False    4- True    5- False